Early Growth, 18th - 19th c. | The city grows up on the harbor and along the streams. Railroads start to form, mostly along river corridors, and complements the urban distribution.

Turn of the 20th c. | Industry moves to off-center industrial establishment, drawing the distribution of residential neighborhoods out of the city center. Industrial workers walk to work.

1918 | Baltimore annexes new territory and expands its city boundaries. Development migrates to the periphery of the city and into the surrounding suburbs.

Today & Tomorrow | The city population begins declining after the 1950s pass. Most population flees to the suburbs. A small amount of development is redistributed back to the waterfront.

**FALL LINE**
- Patapsco River Watershed
- Baltimore Harbor Watershed
- Gwynns Falls Watershed
- Jones Falls Watershed
- Herring Run Watershed

**ENERGY EXTRACTED FROM THE ENVIRONMENT GENERATES URBANIZATION**

- Extraction, storage, process, transport, consume
- Process of industrialization
- Timeline
- Degree of toxicity
- Physical state
- Reuse

- Transmission lines
- Power plants
- Transformer stations
- Coal docks
- Oil processing
- Natural gas terminal

**SILO POINT**
- ExxonMobile
- Ice House
- Swann Park
- Inner Harbor
- Sparrows Point